

Volume Problems: Solutions

1 (a) $V = A_{base1} \cdot h_1 + A_{base2} \cdot h_2$

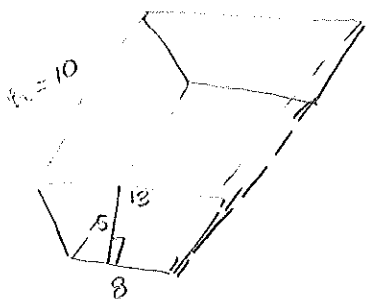
$$= (210 \text{ cm}^2) \cdot 8 \text{ cm} + (42 \text{ cm}^2)(3.6 \text{ cm})$$

$$= \boxed{1831.2 \text{ cm}^3}$$

(b) $V = \text{Volume of trapezoidal prism} - \text{Volume of rectangular prism}$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{2} (5)(8+13) \right) \cdot 10 - (3 \cdot 10 \cdot 1.5)$$

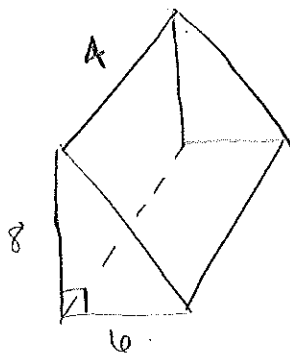
$$= 525 \text{ m}^3 - 45 \text{ m}^3 = \boxed{480 \text{ m}^3}$$



2 | 2 triangular bases + 3 rectangular lateral faces = triangular prism

$$V = \frac{1}{2} (6)(8) \cdot (4)$$

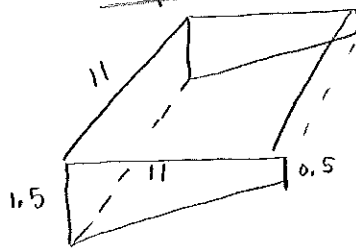
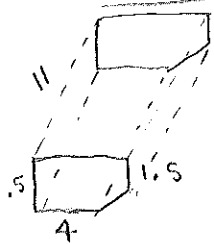
$$= \boxed{96 \text{ cm}^3}$$



3 | Find volume of the paint tray.

Bottom: $V_{bottom} = (\text{Area of Base})(11)$
 $= 12 \times 11 = 132$

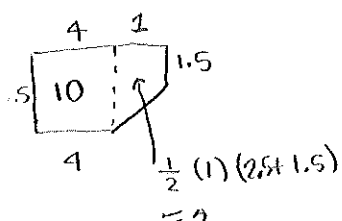
Top: $V_{top} = (\text{Area of Base})(11) = 11^2 = 121$



$$\text{area} = \frac{1}{2} (11)(1.5+0.5) = 11$$

$$\boxed{49}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Total Volume} = (132 + 121) \text{ in}^3 = 253 \text{ in}^3 \cdot \frac{19}{57.75 \text{ in}^3} = 4.39$$



#4

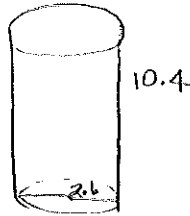
V = Volume of cylinder + Volume half sphere

$$\begin{aligned} &= \pi (4.4)^2 \cdot 5 + \frac{4}{3} \pi (4.4)^3 \\ &\sim 304.106 + 456.82 \quad 178.32 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sim \cancel{1060.9} \text{ m}^3$$

$$\boxed{482.4 \text{ m}^3}$$

#5



$$(a) V_{\text{ball}} = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3 = \frac{4}{3} \pi \left(\frac{2.6}{2}\right)^3 \sim 9.2 \text{ in}^3$$

$$(b) \text{ total volume of four balls} = 4(9.2) = 36.8 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Volume can} &= \left(\pi \left(\frac{2.6}{2}\right)^2\right) \times 10.4 \\ &\sim 55.216 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Volume not occupied} &= 55.216 - 36.8 \\ &= 18.416 \end{aligned}$$

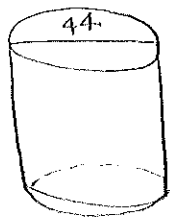
$$\Rightarrow \frac{18.416}{55.216} = \frac{\%}{100} \Rightarrow \boxed{\% \sim 33.4\%}$$

$$\#6 \quad V_{\text{tank}} = 24 \times 12 \times h = 288h$$

$$V_{\text{tank w/ rock}} = 288(h + 1.25) = 288h + 360$$

$$V_{\text{rock}} = V_{\text{tank w/ rock}} - V_{\text{tank}} = 288h + 360 - 288h = \boxed{360 \text{ in}^3}$$

#7

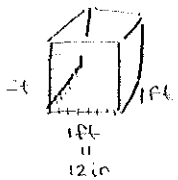


$$V_{\text{tank}} = \pi \left(\frac{44}{2}\right)^2 \cdot h \sim 1520.5 h \text{ in}^3$$

$$V_{\text{takeup man}} = 1520.5(h + 3.4) = (1520.5h + 5169.7) \text{ in}^3$$

$$V_{\text{man}} = 5169.7 \text{ in}^3 \cdot \frac{1 \text{ ft}^3}{1728 \text{ in}^3} \sim 2.9 \text{ ft}^3 \cdot \frac{62.2 \text{ lbs}}{1 \text{ ft}^3}$$

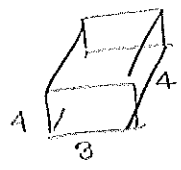
$$\boxed{\sim 186.1 \text{ lbs}}$$



$$\begin{aligned} 1 \text{ ft}^3 &= (12)^3 \text{ in}^3 \\ &= 1728 \text{ in}^3 \end{aligned}$$

#8

1 juice box



$$V = 1 \times 3 \times 4 = 12 \text{ in}^3$$

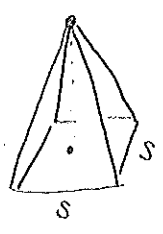
$$(12 \text{ in}^3 \times 2 \times 10^5) = 24 \times 10^5 \text{ in}^3 = \text{how much space } 200,000 \text{ juice boxes take up.}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Volume of warehouse} &= (40 \times 30 \times 20) \text{ ft}^3 \\ &= 24 \times 10^3 \text{ ft}^3 \cdot \frac{1728 \text{ in}^3}{1 \text{ ft}^3} = 41,472,000 \text{ in}^3 \end{aligned}$$

yes can store all the juice.

$$\begin{aligned} &= 414 \times 10^3 \text{ in}^3 \\ &> \text{volume of juice} \end{aligned}$$

#9



$$V_1 = \frac{1}{3} A_{\text{base}} \cdot h = \frac{1}{3} s^2 h$$

take $s \mapsto \sqrt{2}s$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{then } V_2 &= \frac{1}{3} (\sqrt{2}s)^2 \cdot h = 2 \left(\frac{1}{3} s^2 h \right) \\ &= 2V_1 \end{aligned}$$

Need to multiply side length by $\sqrt{2}$ in order to double the volume.

#10

$$V_{\text{sphere}} = \frac{4}{3} \pi (5)^3 = \frac{1000\pi}{3}$$

$$V_{\text{gumball}} = \frac{4}{3} \pi \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

} only 100 gumballs will fit in the machine

NO!

$$\left(1,000 \times \frac{\pi}{3} \right) > \frac{1000\pi}{3} = V_{\text{sphere}}$$